

Family Code: 1 Species code: <u>29</u> - 14A

Naoroji Godrej Centre for Plant Research

Barleria gibsonioides Blatt.

Botanical name: Barleria gibsoniodes Blatt.

Vernacular name: -

Family : Acanthaceae

Status: Critically Endangered

- **Key characters:** Calyx 4–partite, two opposite outer sepals are much larger than the inner; Corolla pink, lobes imbricate in bud, two lobes with darkerr spots near throat, Stamens 2 only perfect, Seeds glabrous.
- **Description**: Shrubs, c 1 m tall; Stems quadrangular, obscurely winged. Leaves variable in size, c 20 X 10 cm, broadly ovate or almost rounded, leathery or papery, base rounded or tapering, margins finely spinous hairy. Flowers in dense, imbricate, terminal, 10 cm long spikes, rarely solitary, axillary. Capsules glabrous, oblong, tip conical, shining, smooth. Seeds 4 disc-shaped.

Flowering and fruiting: September – December.

Distribution: India: Endemic to Western Ghats of Maharashtra.

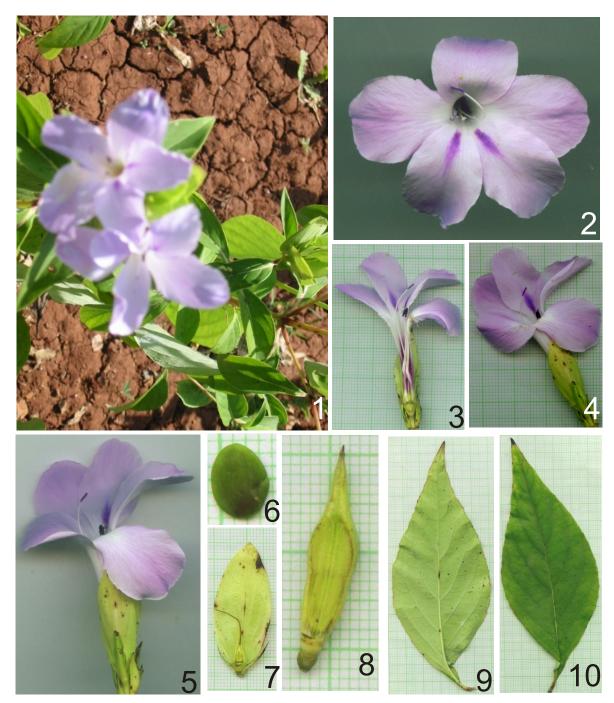
Reported Localities: Satara, Pune.

Ecology: Occasional among bushes and open grass lands of deciduous forests. Prefers steep slopes. Altitude ranges between 600-1200m.

Association: No specific plant association is observed.



Barleria gibsonioides Blatt.



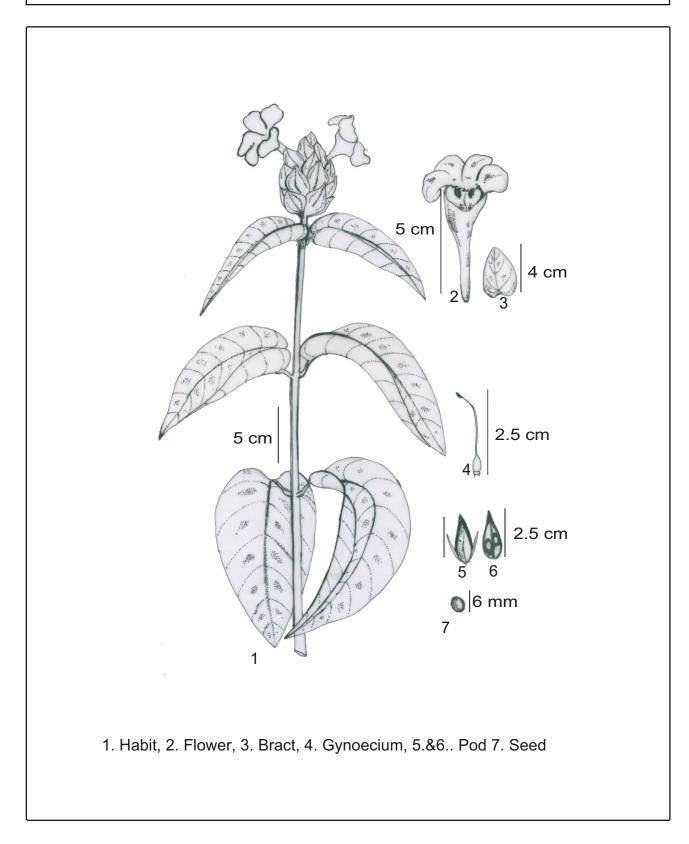
1.Habit, 2.Flower, 3.Dissected Flower, 4&5.Floral variation 5.Seed 6. Bract, 7.Pod, 8. Leaf-dorsal, 9.Leaf-ventral view,

Haritarium Family Code: 1 Species code: <u>29</u> - 14C Naoroji Godrej Centre for Plant Research

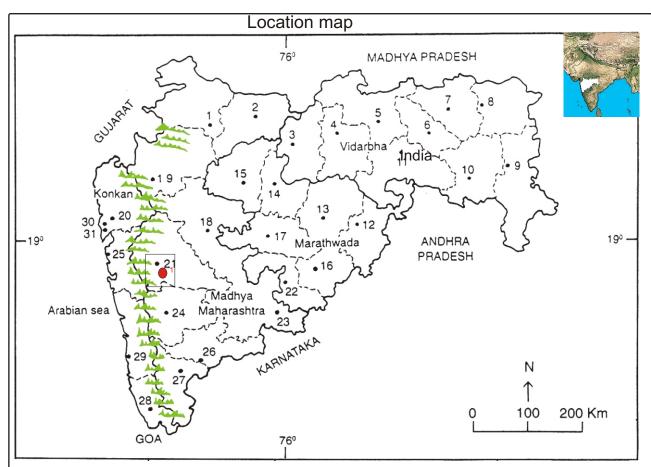
Barleria gibsonioides Blatt.



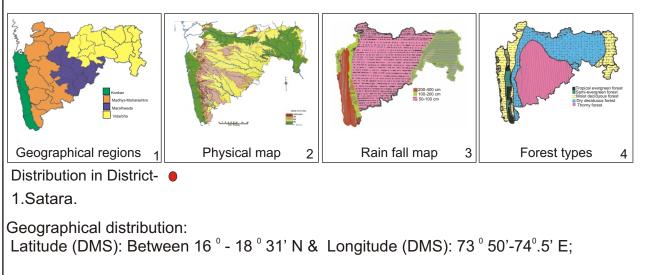








Dhule 2.Jalgaon 3. Buldhana 4.Akola 5.Amaravati 6.Wardha 7.Nagpur 8. Bhandara 9. Gadchiroli
Chandrapur 11. Yavatmal 12. Nanded 13. Parbhani 14. Jalna 15. Aurangabad 16.Latur
Beed 18. Ahmadnagar 19 Nashik 20. Thane 21. Pune 22. Osmanabad 23. Solapur 24.Satara
Raigad 26. Sangli 27. Kolhapur 28. Sindhudurg 29. Ratnagiri 30.Mumbai 31.Greater Mumbai.



Haritarium

Family Code: 1 Species code: <u>29</u> - 14F

Naoroji Godrej Centre for Plant Research

Barleria gibsonioides Blatt.

References:

- Blatter, E.(1928): Revision of the flora of the Bombay Presidency. *J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc.* 31:733.
- Gaikwad S.P. & S.R. Yadav(2004): in T. Pullaiah (ed.)Endemic flowering plant species of Maharashtra and their possible utilization; **Biodiversity in India,** Regancy publications, New Delhi:45.

Santapau, H.(1952): The Acanthaceae of Bombay. Univ. Bombay Bot. Mem. 2

- Singh N.P. & S. Karthikeyan (2000):(eds), Flora of Maharashtra state, Dicotyledones.Vol. 2: . B.S.I., Calcutta:600.
- Tetali, *et al.* (2000): Endemic Plants of India (A Status Report of Maharashtra State). Naoroji Godrej Centre for Plant Research, Shirwal: 39.